

Performances evaluation for GP300

Nathan Lebas

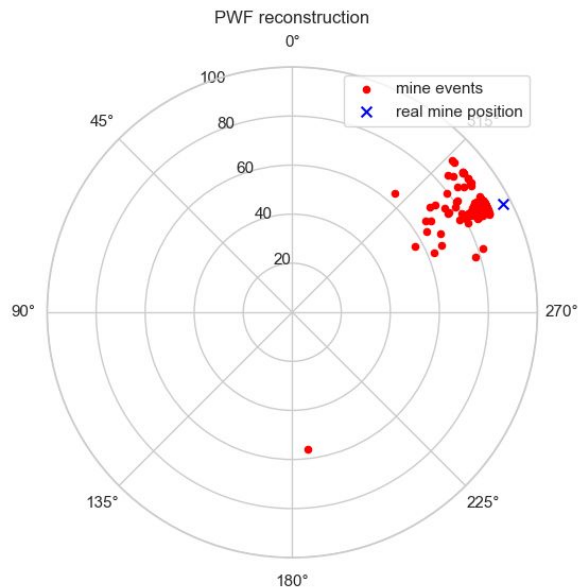
GRAND

Supervised by Olivier Martineau

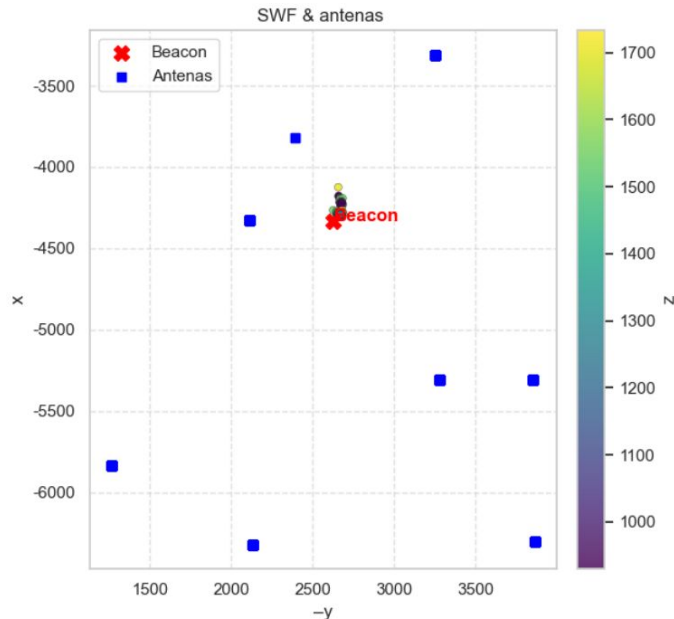
GRAND collab meeting, Warsaw, June 4

Motivation

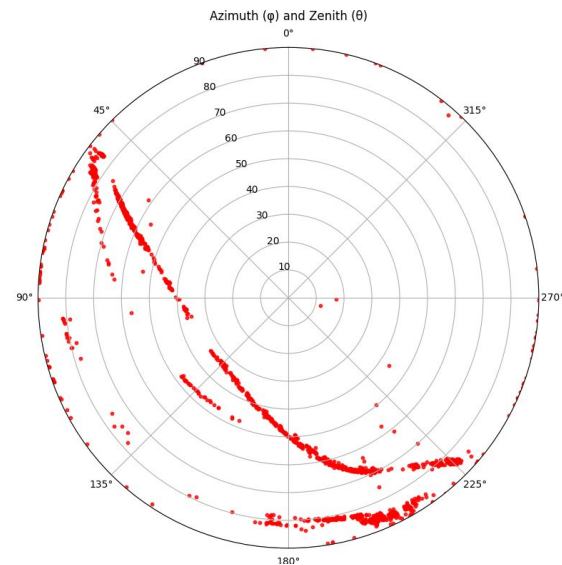
Use well known background sources, to characterise the detector (trigger efficiency, timing accuracy, livetime) and reconstruction methods (PWF, SWF)



Transformer mine



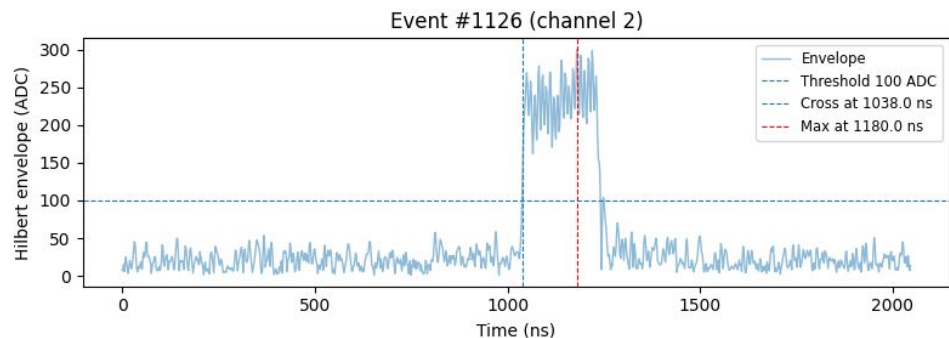
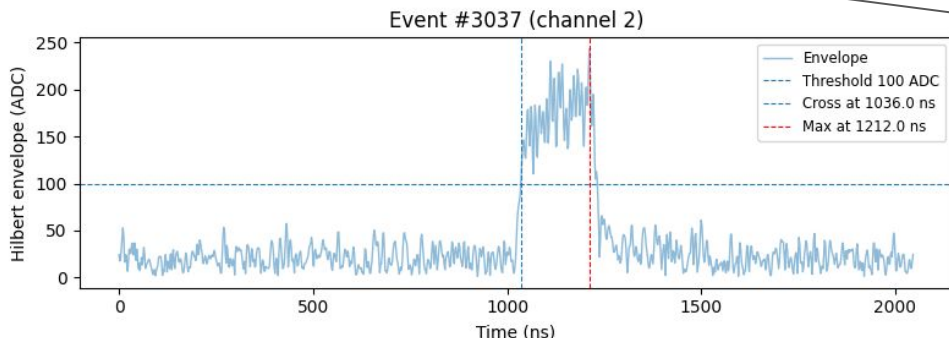
Beacon



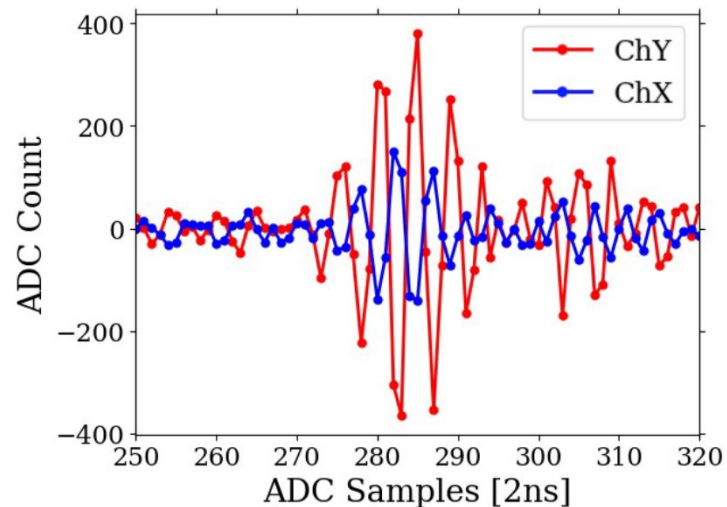
Planes

1- Beacon

GP80_20250424_102757_RUN173_CD



Beacon characteristic : Sine wave ($A=1V$, $f=100\text{MHz}$) with 20 periods and repetition rate between 1 and 100Hz.

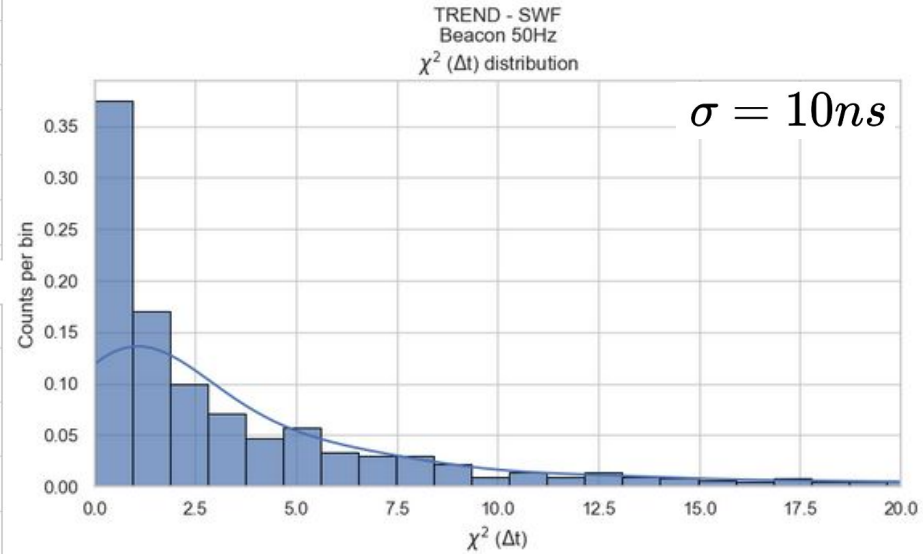
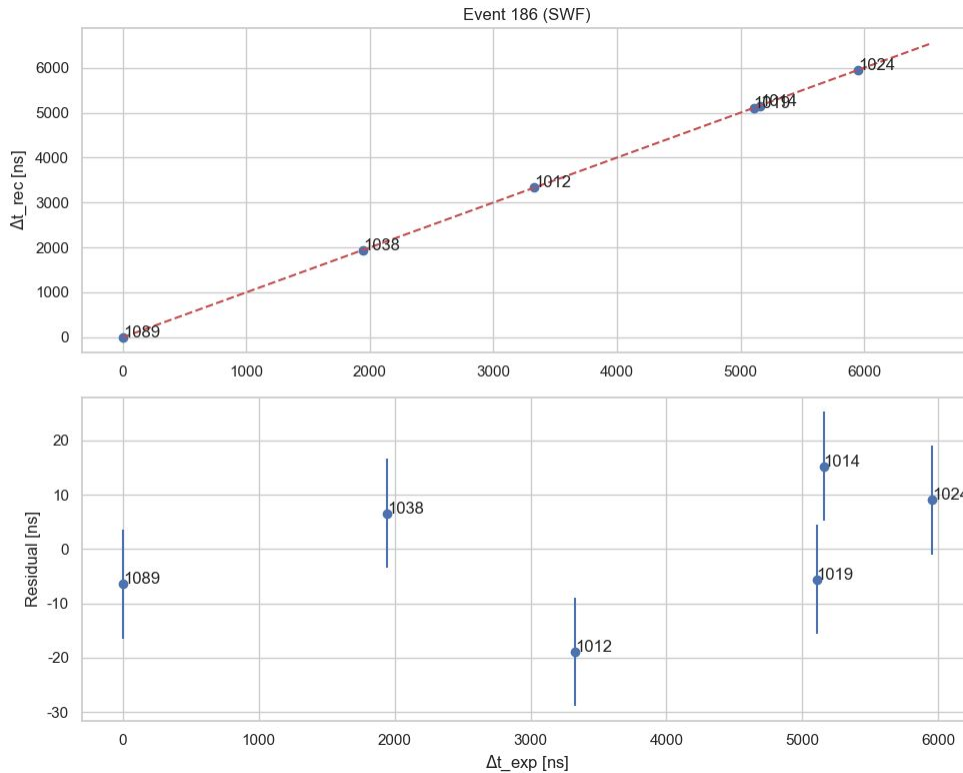


from Xishui Tian

1- Beacon

How to assess quality of the reconstruction ?

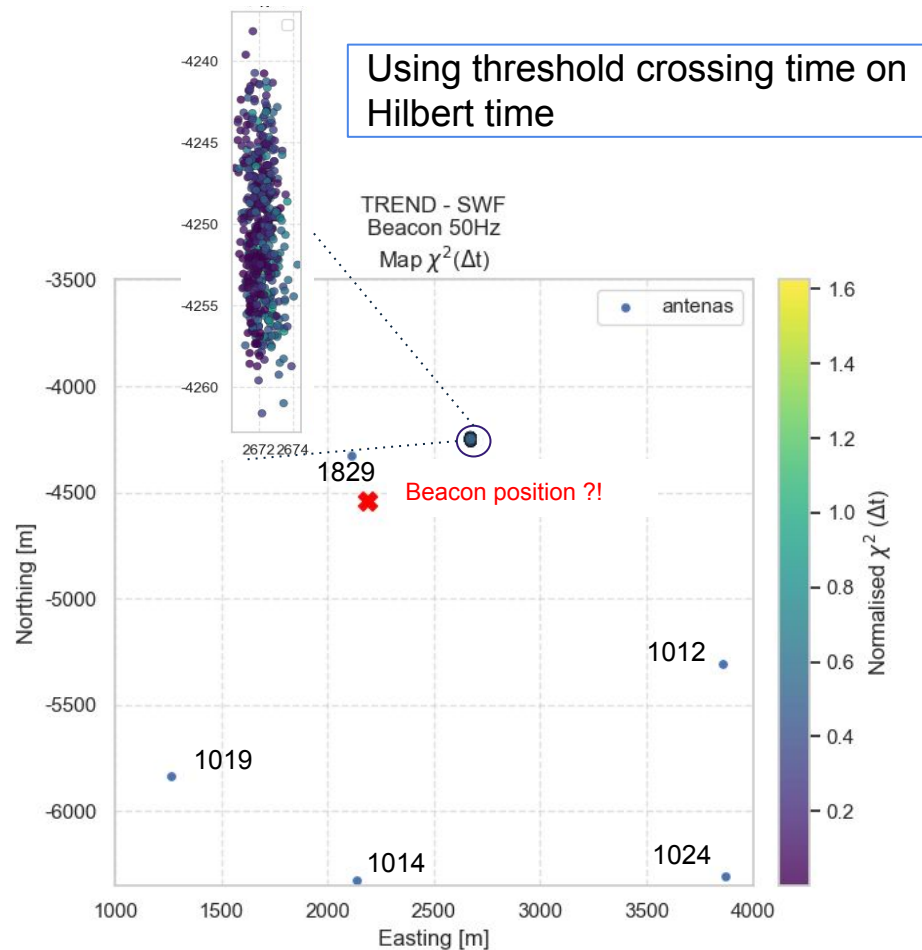
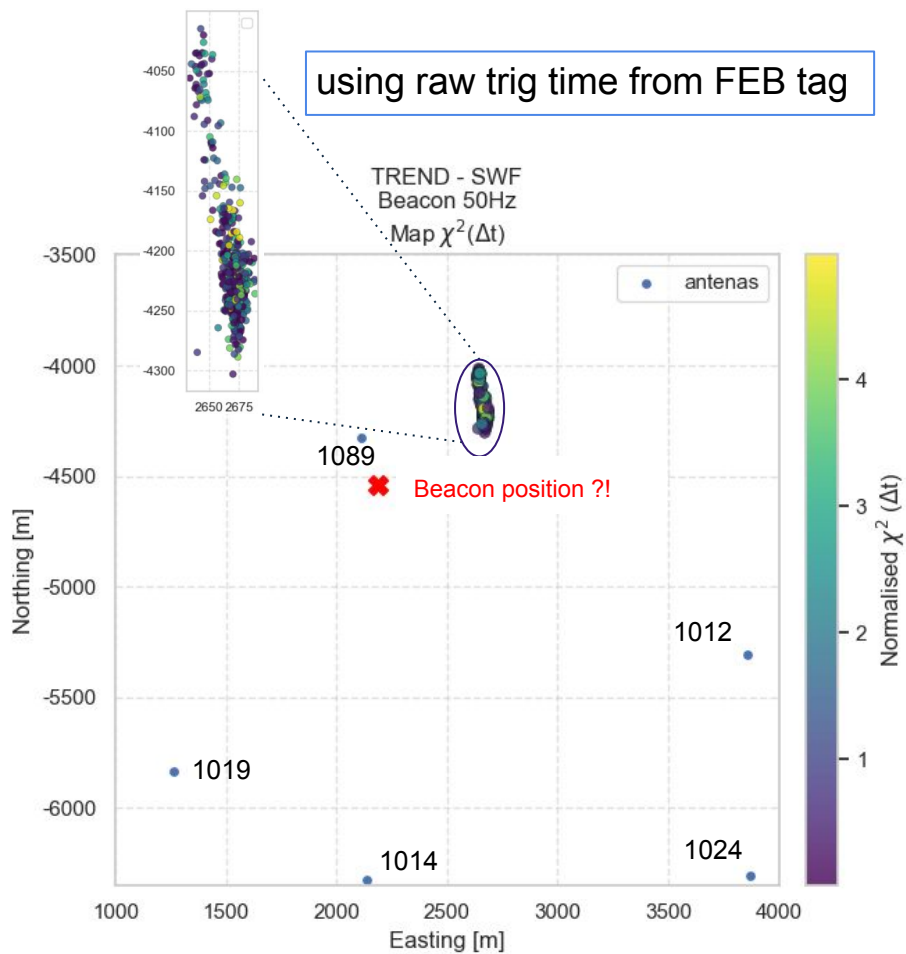
$$\Delta t_{rec} = t_{simu} + offset \rightarrow mean(t_{expe} - t_{simu})$$
$$residual = t_{expe} - t_{rec}$$



so-called “TREND code”, ie developed for TREND by V. Niess (2009!)

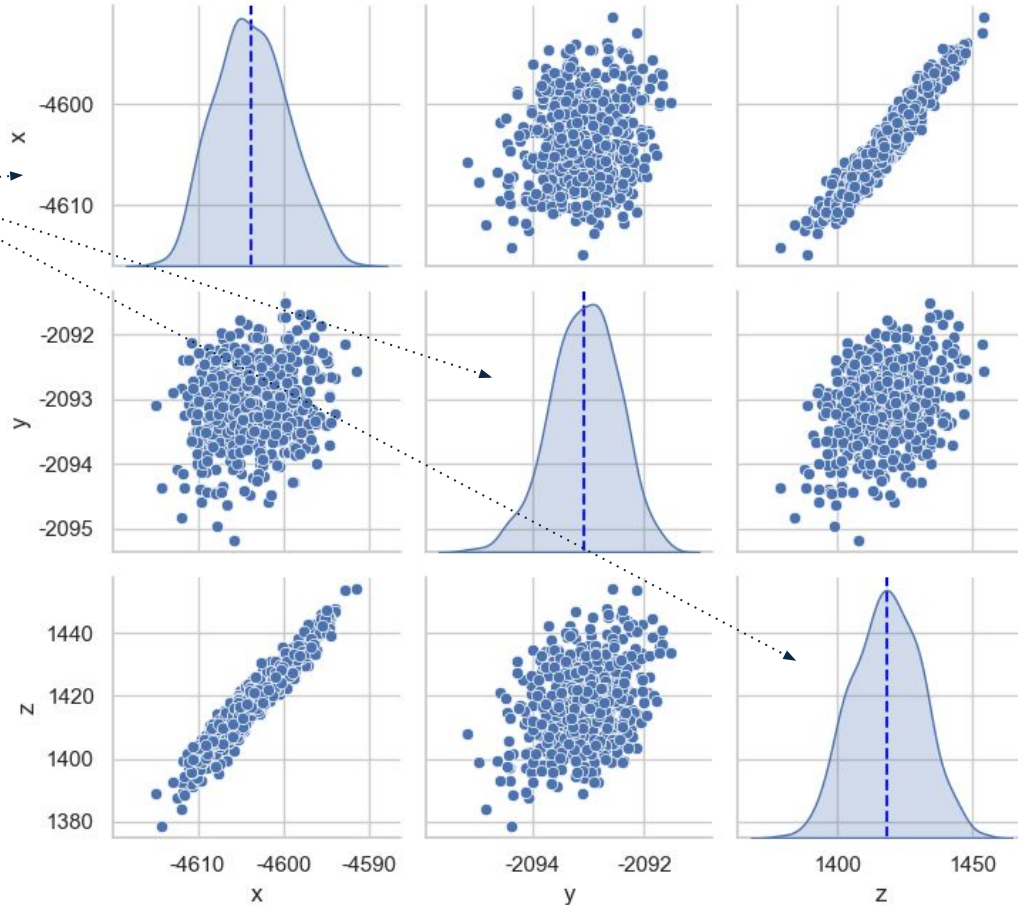
1- Beacon

Difference between the different choices of reconstruction time



1- Beacon

TREND - SWF
Beacon 50Hz
Pairplot with threshold times (N=570 events)



1- Beacon

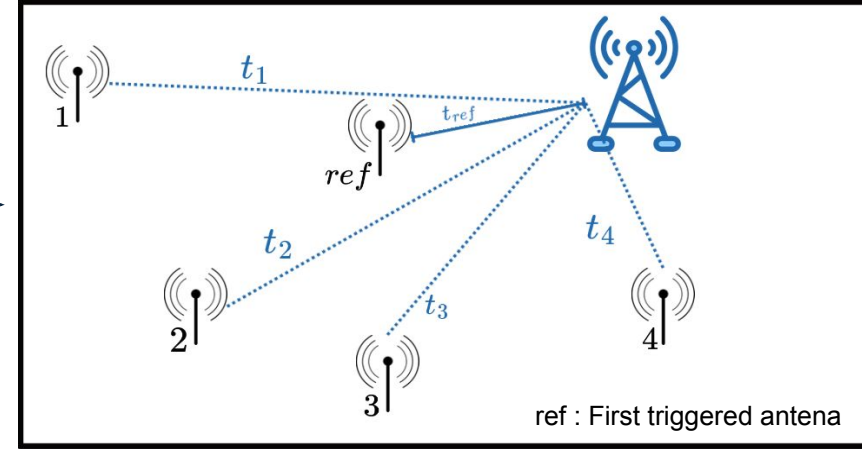
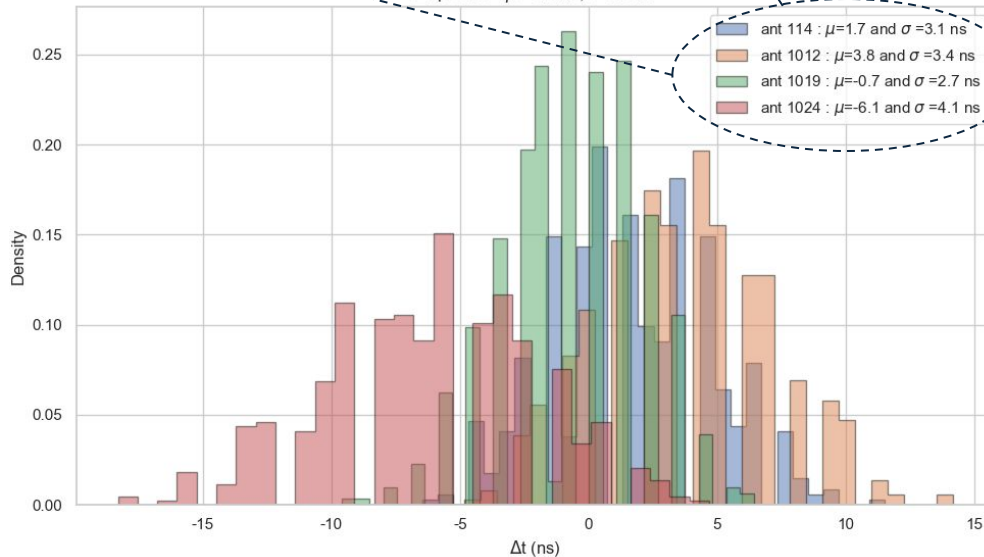
Delay analysis

$$\Delta t_i = (t_i^{sim} - t_{ref}^{sim}) - (t_i^{expe} - t_{ref}^{expe}) \longrightarrow$$

$\mu \neq 0$ understood as error on DU position ($\mu < 4\text{ns} \equiv \epsilon \sim 1\text{m}$)

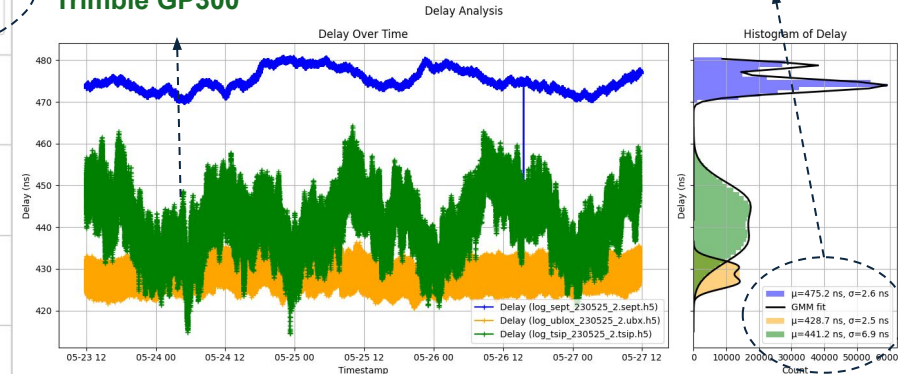
sigma interpreted as uncertainty on mean value

Δt per DU - $\mu = -0.3$ ns, $\sigma = 5.0$ ns



Absolute time GPS Trimble GP300

6.9ns over 3 days but 3ns at given moment

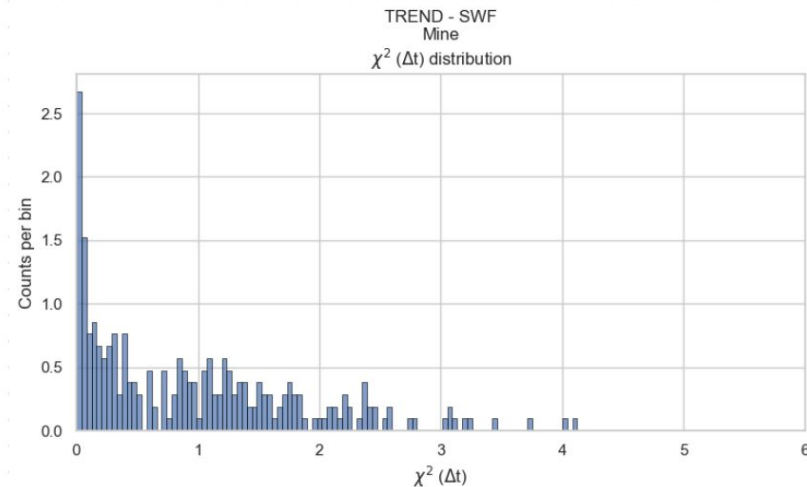
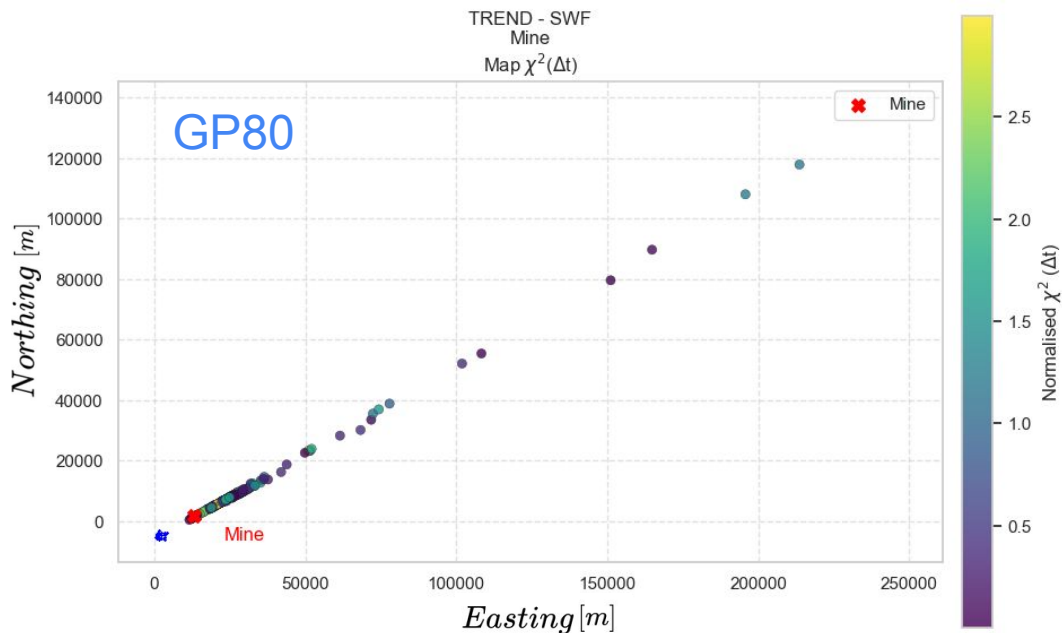


See Vincent Voisin's talk on thursday

2- Transformer mine

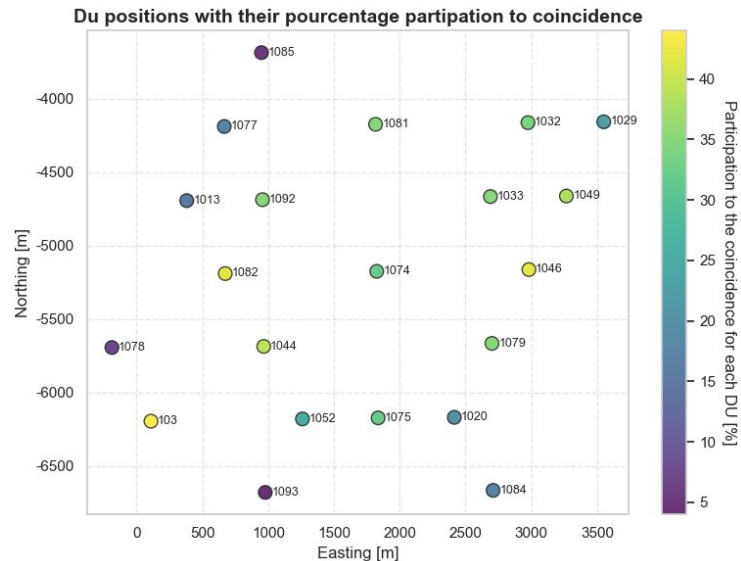
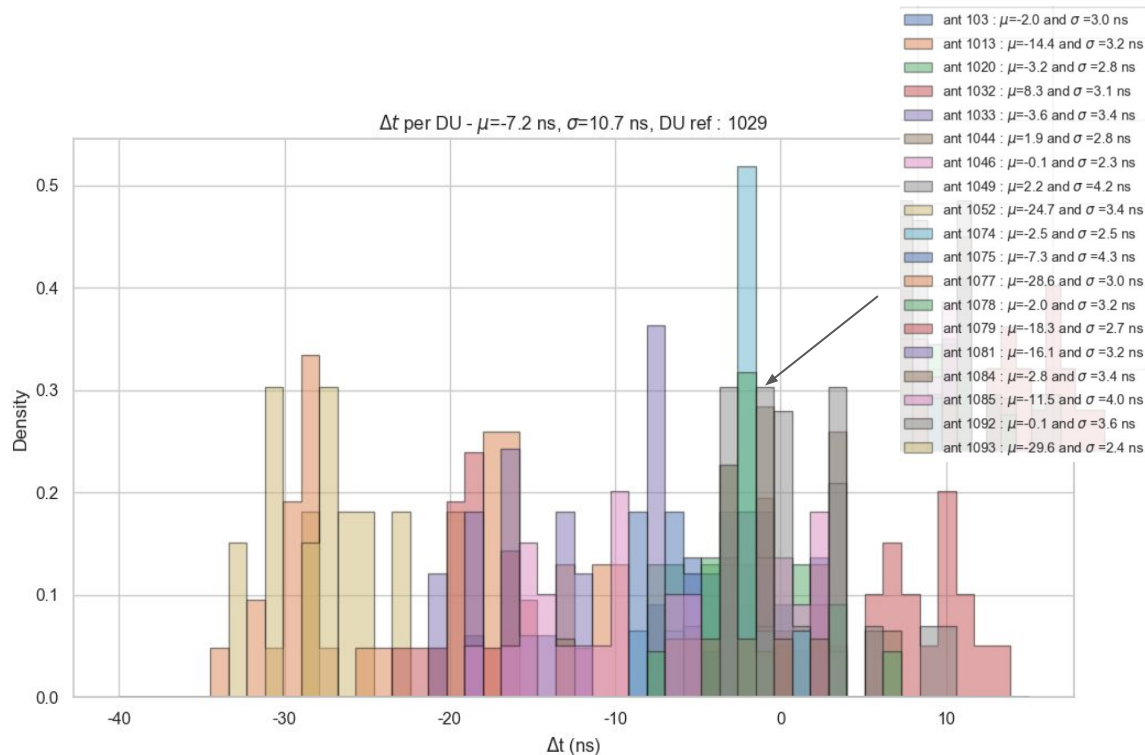
Using : 20250309_235256_RUN10070

- Few events are reconstructed very far the transformer mine **but in the right direction**



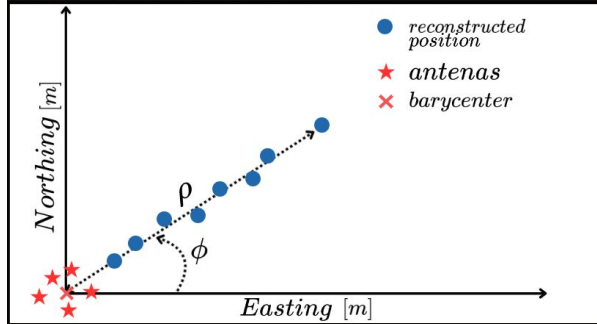
2- Transformer mine

- Coherent sigmas
- Some interrogation about the mean offset (true propagation speed ?)

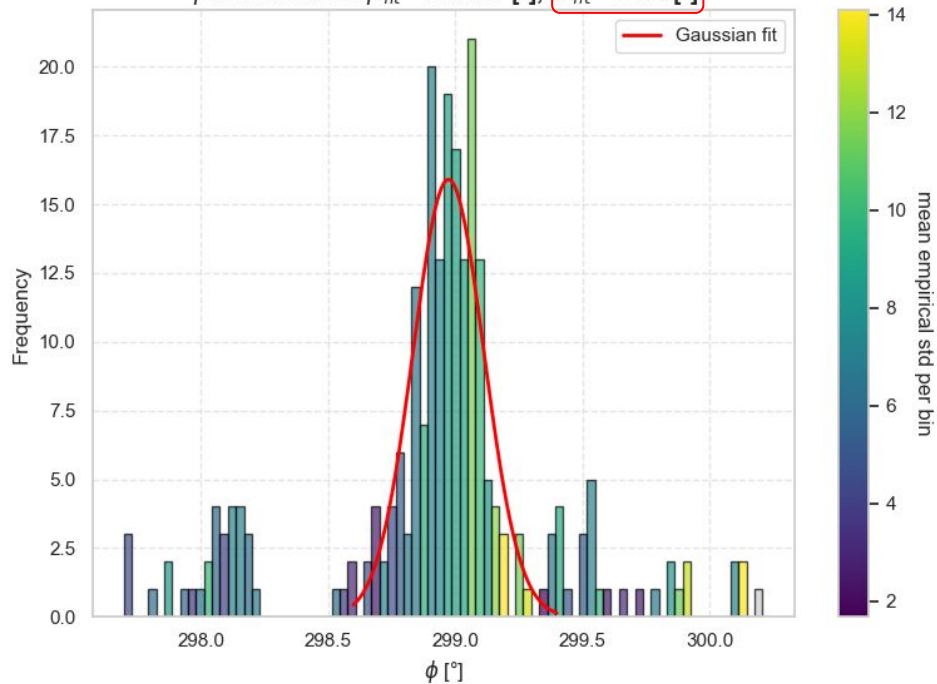


2- Transformer mine

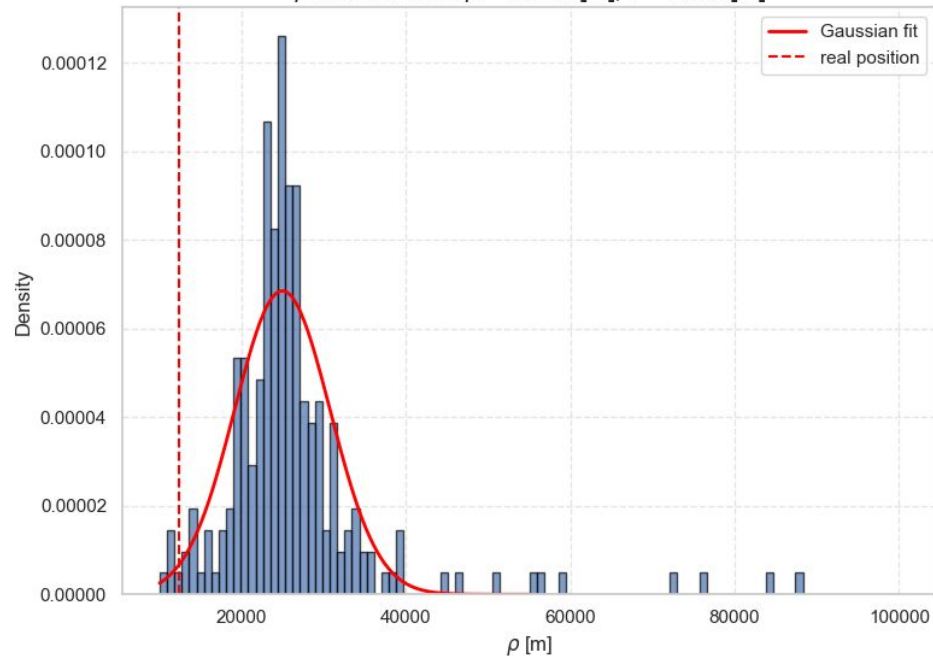
Characterize the detector accuracy



ϕ distribution : $\mu_{fit} = 298.97$ [°], $\sigma_{fit} = 0.14$ [°]

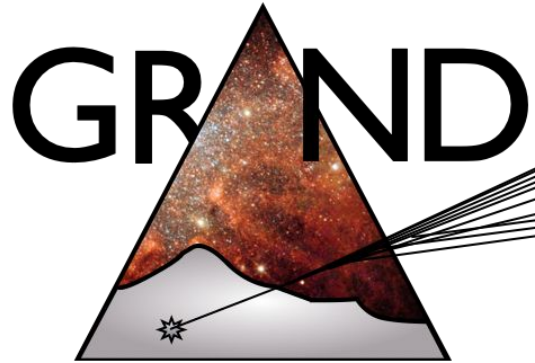


ρ distribution : $\mu = 24943$ [m], $\sigma = 5825$ [m]



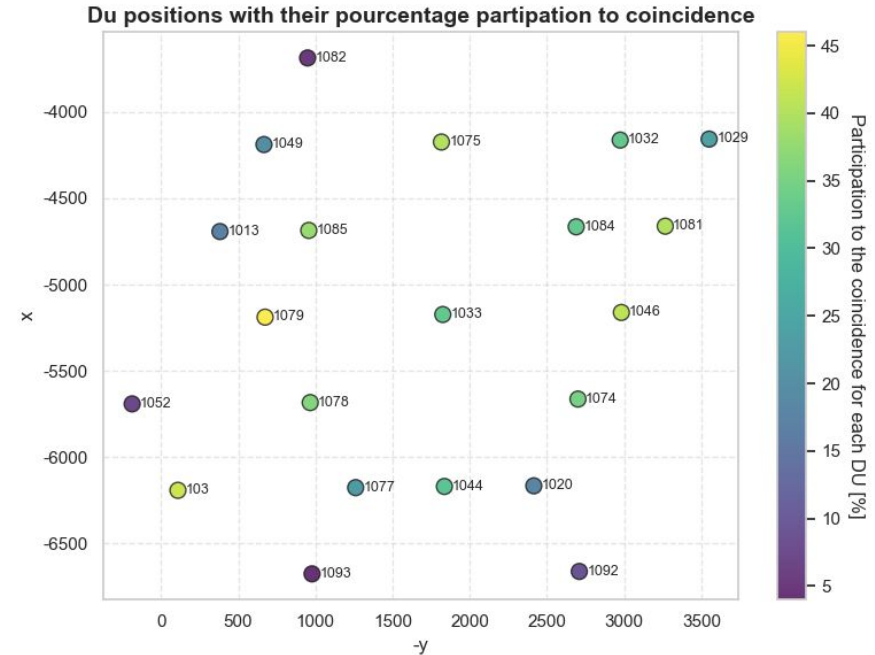
Summary

- Measurement of the experimental (relative) timing precision using beacon + mine trigger times. It results a mean standard deviation of < 4 ns.
- Determine the experimental angular resolution by reconstructing known source positions (e.g., transformer-mine runs) and comparing the mean reconstructed direction to the given source, yielding an angular spread $< 0.2^\circ$.
- To compare with the work of PengFei et al.”
https://forge.in2p3.fr/projects/data-commissioning-of-gp13-and-grand-auger/wiki/GP13_beacon_delay_correction” and Aurelien
“https://forge.in2p3.fr/projects/data-commissioning-of-gp13-and-grand-auger/wiki/AnalysisBeacon_nov1st2nd”



Outlook

- The next step is to pursue this work by studying plane sources. Access to high-precision ADS-B system of their locations will allow us to better characterize the detector.
- Study the temporal evolution of these sources in order to evaluate the detector's stability over time.
- Continue the analysis to gain a deeper understanding of the trigger pattern and its footprint.



Thanks for your
attention !

Backup

5 random event ($298.7^\circ < \phi < 299.2^\circ$)

